

Due Diligence and Valuation Report

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 Fair share value bracket: AUD 0.434 to AUD 0.925ⁱ
 Share price on date: AUD 0.21ⁱⁱ

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Market Data

52-Week Range:	AUD0.098 – AUD0.24 ⁱⁱⁱ
Average Daily Volume:	3,524,745 ^{iv}
Market Cap. on date:	AUD 83.04MM ^v

Fiscal Year (FY) 1st July– 30th June

Summary

Altech Chemicals Limited (“Altech” or “ATC” or “the company”) is a high purity alumina (HPA) development company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX). The company aims to be a major integrated HPA producer globally. It has 100% ownership of the Meckering Kaolin Deposit in Western Australia and is approaching commencement of construction of a HPA plant in Johor, Malaysia.

The company’s strategy is to become a world leading producer of HPA with a key economic advantage of owning its own Kaolin deposit (aluminous clay) as feedstock.

The global HPA market is forecasted to grow above two times to around USD2.2 billion by 2024. The global HPA demand is estimated to have a CAGR of 16.7% between 2016 and 2024. Importantly, 4N HPA (99.99%) is estimated to have a CAGR of 16.2% over the same period.

The rise in demand is expected due to HPA’s non-substitutable characteristics in the production of synthetic sapphire, which is used in the manufacture of substrates used in the LED industry, semi-conductors and other sapphire glass applications. HPA is increasingly used in Lithium ion batteries, as a coating on battery separator sheets.



Company: Altech Chemicals Ltd.
 Ticker: ASX: ATC, FRA: A3Y
 Headquarters: Subiaco, Australia
 Managing Director: Iggy Tan
 Website: www.altechchemicals.com

HPA Project

Feedstock from Meckering Kaolin Deposit: The Kaolin deposit can be extracted using simple and inexpensive open pit mine methods. The mine has a total Measured, Indicated and Inferred JORC Mineral Resource of 12.7MMT @ 29.5% Al₂O₃ (minus 300 micron). From the Resource Altech has determined a 30 year Proved and Probable Ore Reserve of 1.2MMT @ 30.0% Al₂O₃ (minus 300 micron and 25% Al₂O₃ lower cut-off) to be mined over 10 discrete mining campaigns.

Meckering Kaolin Deposit: The deposit occurs in a highly weathered granite whereby high grades of Al₂O₃ are concentrated in freely mineable clay. The orebody is flat lying, which allows a very low waste to ore strip ratio of 0.66:1 resulting in low mining costs.

Altech owns 100% of granted Mining Lease M70/1334 over the Meckering Deposit and approvals to mine and construct a screening and container loading facility were granted by the WA Department of Mines and Petroleum in March 2017.

Ore Movement and Loading Facility: The feedstock, mined from the Kaolin deposit will be stockpiled on the Run of Mine stockpile, constructed adjacent to the container loading facility. It is expected 43,538 t/y of raw material will be transported comprising approximately 36 containers of 22T each of Kaolin per week.

Malaysian HPA processing plant: Altech is close to financing the construction of its HPA processing plant at the Tanjung Langsat Industrial Complex, located approximately 40km south-east of the city of Johor, Malaysia. Altech has a 30-year lease agreement and a 30-year renewal option with

Johor Corporation for a ~4Ha site within the complex. The HPA plant is fully designed, costed and Malaysian environmental approval has been obtained. The plant will be ideally located in a low operating cost jurisdiction in close proximity to gas, electricity, water, hydrochloric acid and quicklime supply infrastructure, which should provide an operating advantage over competitors.

Final Investment Decision Study (FIDS): In June 2015, the company released its initial BFS report for the project and this was updated to a Final Investment Decision Study (FIDS) on 23rd October 2017. The positive FIDS reported a mine life of 30 years, estimated Pre-tax NPV_{7.5} of USD 505 MM (AUD 656MM) and full production of 4,500tpa of HPA. The FIDS also defined associated capital development costs for the plant and the mine of USD 298MM, payback of 3.9 years and an IRR of 22%.

Off-take agreement with Mitsubishi: In April 2016 Altech entered an off-take agreement with Mitsubishi Corporation's Australian subsidiary Mitsubishi Australia Ltd. Mitsubishi will be the exclusive buyer and global distributor of 100% of Altech's HPA production for an initial 10 years which is scheduled to commence on the date of first shipment of the final HPA product.

Project phase: The project is at an advanced financing stage with a USD 190MM Project finance

debt package secured. The debt package from the German Government owned KfW IPEX-Bank is linked to a fixed-price lump-sum engineering, procurement and construction (EPC) contract to construct the HPA plant with German engineering firm SMS group GmbH. It also includes a fixed-price lump-sum EPC contract for construction of the Meckering kaolin container loading facility by Perth based Simulus Engineering Pty Ltd.

Construction is estimated to commence in Q3-2018 with operations in 2020. The HPA production schedule will be 3,000tpa in year 1, 4,000tpa in year 2 then full production of 4,500tpa at a grade of 99.99% Al₂O₃ (4N) by year 3.

Valuation

We believe Altech is financially well positioned (post sanctioning USD 190MM debt from KfW IPEX-Bank) and has high potential in its value proposition. If the funding phase of the project goes as per schedule, the construction timetable will be met and the project can commence initial operations.

Given the due diligence and valuation estimations based on discounted cash flows of its HPA project, we believe that Altech's fair share value lies between AUD 0.434 and AUD 0.925.

Table of Contents

Company Presentation	4
News	8
Listing Information.....	10
Contacts.....	10
Major Shareholders.....	10
Management and Governance	11
Assets and Projects	13
Technologies and Markets	19
Project Risk Profile Analysis	21
Risk Parameters – Definition.....	22
Value	24
Analyst Certifications and Important Disclosures.....	27
Valuation.....	28
Notes and References	29

Company Presentation

Altech is an ASX-listed specialty chemicals developer focused on the financing and construction of a HPA processing plant with capacity of 4,500tpa for delivery into the high tech manufacturing industries. It is expected that Altech would rank in the top three HPA producers globally and one of the lowest cost producers at full capacity utilization.

ATC has an enormous feedstock source at its 100% owned Meckering Kaolin deposits in Western Australia which comprising high grade aluminous clay. Current Ore Reserve is 1.2MMT @ 30% Al₂O₃ (minus 300 micron and 25% Al₂O₃ lower cut-off) for 30 years (Stage 1) with an estimated Mineral Resource of 12.7MMT @ 29.5% Al₂O₃ (minus 300 micron) which could supply feedstock for 250 years. ATC has also secured a ~4Ha plot of land in a major industrial park in Johor, Malaysia, where it will build its HPA processing plant. Total capital cost is estimated at USD297.6MM.

In October 2017, ATC completed its FIDS for the project and in December 2017 secured a commercially attractive Project Finance Debt Package of USD 190MM from the German Government owned KfW IPEX-Bank.

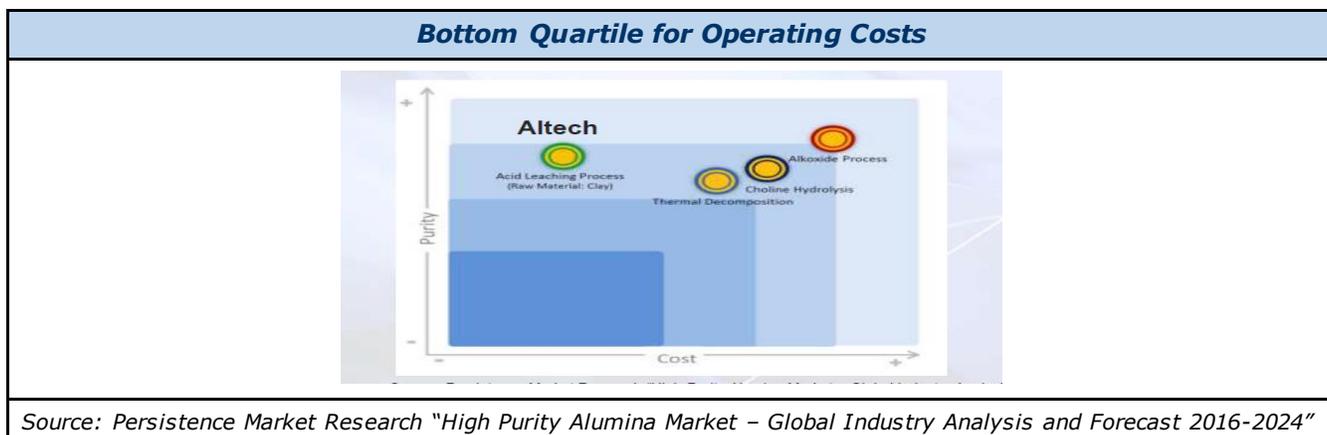
The company has conducted extensive laboratory and pilot plant test work, completed detailed capital and operating cost estimates, full plant design and project approvals. It has secured an off-take agreement with Mitsubishi for 100% of up to 4,500tpa HPA plant production for first 10 years. Also, it has entered into a lump sum turn-key contract with SMS group, a German EPC contractor which has agreed to guarantee the finished product quality, production process and throughput level of the HPA plant. KfW IPEX-Bank and the SMS group have conducted full Due Diligence activities as part of the cost estimates and debt funding package.

Financial Summary: In Q4-17, the company completed AUD17.2MM share placement. It was underwritten by SMS group with a USD 4.0MM (AUD 5.1MM) subscription, and an AUD 3.0MM subscription from major Malaysian shareholder the Melewar Group. SMS group has pledged additional equity support of USD 11MM at close of finance. As of 4 December 2017, the company had cash and cash equivalents estimated at AUD 10MM and no debt.

Portfolio and Premiums

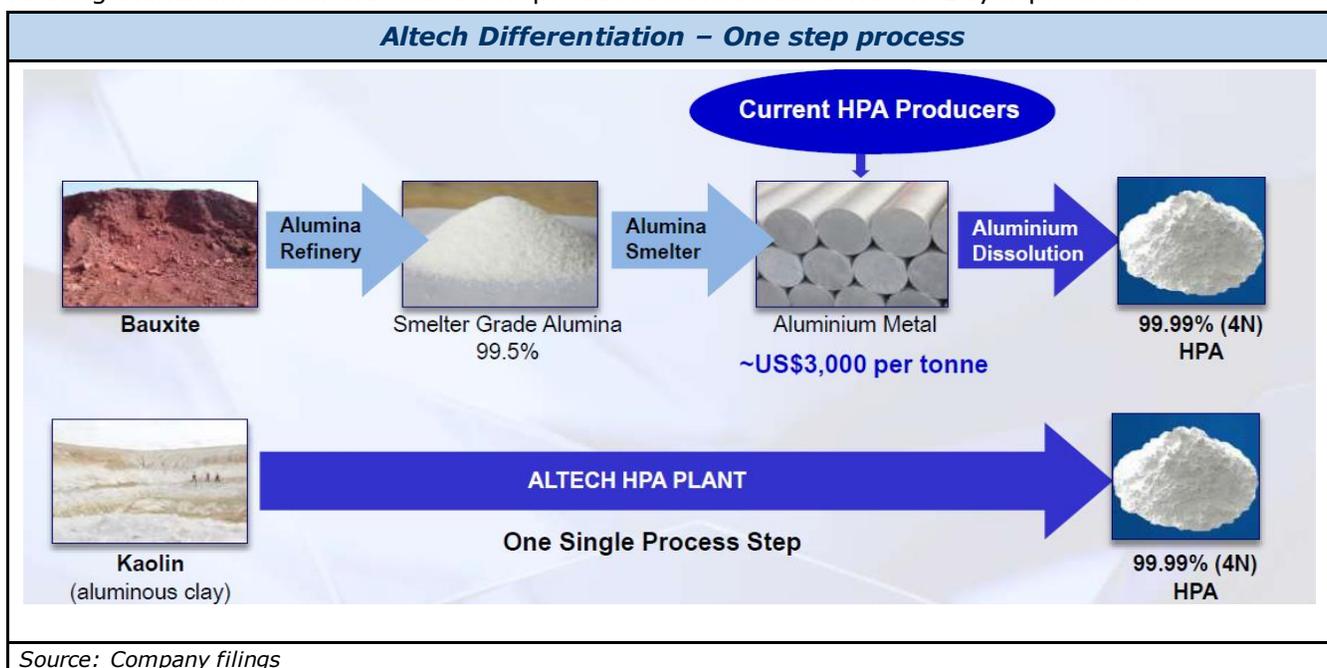
The kaolin feedstock location at Meckering in Western Australia and the HPA processing plant location in Johor Malaysia offers accessibility to existing infrastructure facilities and government incentives: The Meckering kaolin mine will have a low environmental impact due to simple geology and mining methods and it is located a mere 130 km from Fremantle port. The Johor HPA site has access to nearby international sea container ports, hydrochloric (HCl) plants, natural gas, and electricity supply. Government and tax incentives will also be available for the Malaysian operations.

For Altech to become a global leader its HPA cost base must be low and this can be achieved due to the 100% ownership of kaolin feedstock, and application of the acid leaching process and operating in Malaysia.



Having obtained required operating permits and licenses ensure kaolin feedstock: On 14 March and 25 August 2017 Altech was granted mining and works approvals by the Western Australian Department of Mines and Petroleum and the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) for the open pit mine at Meckering. Construction of the kaolin screening, loading facility infrastructure and Run of Mine (ROM) stockpile can commence.

One single step process: The distinguishing feature of ATC’s operations is the one-step processing route from aluminous clay to HPA using hydrochloric acid leaching, rather than having to derive HPA by re-refining aluminum metal that has been produced from bauxite via the Bayer process.



Off-take agreement secured sales of 100% of HPA production: A purchase commitment for 100% of Altech’s HPA (originally 4,000tpa with the intent for 4,500tpa) production in the initial 10 years reduces the commercial risk aspect of the project and secured a major step towards project financing. This helped to demonstrate to banks and other potential project financiers that the product has a solid market to underpin debt financing and construction.

High HPA demand projected: The global HPA market is forecasted to grow two-fold and is set to reach around USD2.2 billion by 2024 and global HPA demand is estimated to have a CAGR of 16.7% (2016-2024). In case of 4N HPA (99.99%), the global demand is estimated to have a CAGR of 16.2% over the

same period. HPA is a non-substitutable constituent in the production of synthetic sapphire, which is used in the manufacture of substrates used in the LED industry, semi-conductors and other sapphire glass applications. HPA is increasingly used in Lithium ion batteries, as a coating on battery separator sheets and/or directly on the anode and cathode battery components.

Low impurity Kaolin feedstock: The company uses a conventional chemical process which is suitable for its aluminous clay deposit. This clay deposit contains lower levels of impurities (very low iron due to weathering) which aids the production of a very pure alumina product and should prove a competitive advantage for Altech.

%	Bauxite Darling Range*	Canadian HPA Project	Altech HPA Project
Al ₂ O ₃	34.5	22.77	30.5
SiO ₂	21.5	53.29	56.3
Fe ₂ O ₃	21.2	8.36	0.7
TiO ₂	2.00	0.98	0.7
K ₂ O	0.24	3.41	0.1
NaO	0.005	1.42	0.1

Source: Corporate presentation as on November 2017 *Typical Mean Analysis

Experienced and qualified leadership team helps in efficient management: The company's executives are highly experienced with industrial commodities, project construction and operating in Malaysia and Australia. The Board is highly experienced in the Alumina industry and with project development, worked with some of the largest organizations across the globe.

Portfolio and Risks

Capital expenditure financing: The company has estimated capital expenditure of USD 297.6MM for near-term production and construction of the HPA processing plant as per the recent FIDS. For its financing, the company plans to take USD 190MM from KfW IPEX-Bank – with USD 170MM of the debt at very long tenure (+10 years) and at low interest rates (~4%) as it has been awarded German Government export credit cover, the remaining USD 20MM will be at normal commercial terms. Altech needs to ensure raising the balance of funds to achieve its objectives and to fast track the development of its HPA plant and kaolin mine.

Commodity price risk: The company is exposed to commodity price risk. Its projected revenue and operating margins significantly depend on the price of HPA, which might fluctuate significantly due to numerous factors beyond the control of the company. In such a situation, Altech must closely monitor the price of HPA to determine the appropriate course of action.

Single mine risk: Currently, ATC will be fully reliant on revenues from its Meckering kaolin feedstock mine and HPA plant. This might adversely impact its cash flow, profitability and share price, in case of any unexpected interruptions at the Meckering operations.

Corporate Strategy

Target business is to produce HPA 99.99% (4N) and earn high margins: ATC continuously thrives to establish itself as a leading producer of HPA and is focused on transition from developer to producer. The company has already signed a long-term off-take agreement with the major global distributor Mitsubishi for the first 10 years' sales of 100% of 4,000tpa (intent for 4,500tpa) HPA production. The current demand of high purity alumina globally provides an exciting opportunity for the company to enter the market.

Product related strategy: ATC has conducted tests to demonstrate that its HPA is suitable for synthetic sapphire production and use in Lithium - ion batteries. Typical li-ion battery specifications demand a minimum purity of 99.99% HPA. The 99.99% purity results is a significant step forward in demonstrating that its alumina is suitable for li-ion batteries and therefore a larger market.

News

Export credit cover increased to USD 170MM: On 20 December 2017, Altech announced that German Government owned KfW IPEX-Bank has approved the credit facility for a total project finance debt package of USD 190MM for its HPA project. The increase in finance package than the initial proposed USD 185MM amount signifies strong scope of the project and is due to increase in Export Credit component of the project from USD 165MM to USD 170MM. Altech found the proposed debt package attractive and along with KfW IPEX-Bank, as the sole lender, it has planned to execute a formal loan facility agreement.

Optimistic IMC decision for Export Credit Cover: On 15 December 2017, Altech announced the positive decision of German Government inter-ministerial committee (IMC), pertaining to the company's project finance export credit cover application. It has also emphasized the fact that this "offer for cover" will be beneficial for the HPA project.

Results of AGM: On 30 November 2017, Altech announced the outcome of the voting on the resolutions. In addition to multiple resolutions, the shareholders have given a positive decision towards the "Approval of placement of shares to SMS group" with 94% voting in favor to this decision.

SMS approves USD 15MM equity investment in Altech: On 09 November 2017, Altech announced the approval of an additional USD 11MM equity investment by SMS. It will make the total commitment of USD 15MM, subject to financial closure of targeted USD 185MM of debt, which is to be accomplished during the first half of 2018. The involvement of SMS, Altech's lead EPC contractor as appointed on 16 May 2017, has instilled confidence and support for the company.

Successful share placement of AUD 17MM: On 27 October 2017, Altech announced the successful fund raising of AUD 17.2MM through share placement of around 122.9MM fully paid ordinary shares at an issue price of AUD 0.14 per share for the development of its HPA project. The placement includes contribution from both the SMS group and the Melewar Group with a commitment of AUD 5.1MM and AUD 3.0MM, respectively, subject to shareholder approval at the company's AGM, held on 30 November 2017.

Positive Final Investment Decision Study (FIDS): On 23 October 2017, Altech announced the affirmative outcome of the FIDS for the 4,500tpa HPA plant at Johor, Malaysia and Kaolin mine at Meckering, Western Australia. The financials depict robust metrics, projecting NPV of USD 505.6MM at a discount rate of 7.5%, with a payback of 3.9 years, annual EBITDA of USD 75.7MM, IRR of 21.9% and a gross margin of 63% at full production. The HPA price assumptions are based on the forward HPA price curves generated by ATC commissioned Persistence Market Research. Considering a conservative stance, the weighted average HPA price is calculated at USD 26.9/kg over a 30-year project life. KfW IPEX-Bank has proposed a revised total target debt of USD 185MM; of which USD 165MM is expected to be ECA cover, subject to approval of export credit cover by IMC on 14 December 2017. The balance of USD 20MM will be 5-year tenure commercial loan.

Completion of 4,500tpa HPA plant layout: On 20 October 2017, Altech announced the finalization of design for upgraded capacity from 4,000tpa HPA to 4,500tpa HPA for its Malaysian HPA plant. Altech has also optimized the plant process flow sheet, along with the SMS group, incorporating a flexible finished product line capable of producing HPA for both the synthetic sapphire industry (up to 4,500tpa of high density pellets) and HPA for the lithium-ion battery industry (up to 1,500tpa of powder at sub-micron particle size), resulting in maximum plant output at 4,500tpa HPA.

Option exercised for purchase of Meckering land: On 17 October 2017, Altech announced the exercise of its option to purchase the 94 hectares of land at Meckering, Western Australia, which includes the fully permitted kaolin Mining Lease, containing an estimated Kaolin Mineral Resource of 12.7MMT at 29.5% Al₂O₃, encompassing an estimated Kaolin Ore Reserve of 1.224MMT at 30% Al₂O₃. Feedstock for the Malaysian HPA plant is to be sourced from Kaolin ore, where the mining activities of approximately 140,000 tonnes of Kaolin in two-month mining campaigns, once every three years is

planned. Initially, the Kaolin is planned to be stockpiled and then loaded into shipping containers at approximately 43,500tpa and shipped to Malaysia weekly. Altech's Mining Permit M70/1334 was approved on 14 March 2017. The approval for construction of the Kaolin screening and loading facility was granted in August 2017 and can move ahead now subject to finance.

Altech sets target date for export credit finance: On 15 September 2017, Altech announced the target date of 14 December 2017 for decision making by the German Government's inter-ministerial committee (IMC) for the application of export credit project finance. An affirmative decision of the SMS group & KfW IPEX-Bank ECA application will result in legally binding offer of cover by the Federal Republic of Germany for securing debt portion of the funding requirements for HPA project and subsequently to secure equity investments. All due diligence consultants have committed to submit final reports to the expert opinion consultant by mid-October 2017, to enable submission of the expert opinion report by 9 November 2017. Since no fatal flaws in the project have been identified during due diligence, all parties concluded that the project is ready to proceed to the ECA cover final assessment for debt financing approval.

Work approval granted for Meckering Kaolin deposit: On 30 August 2017, Altech announced the approval of screening and loading facility at Meckering Kaolin deposit (M70/1334) as granted by the Western Australian Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) on 25 August 2017. Post the approval, the construction of Kaolin screening and loading facility infrastructure is permitted, which is to be located adjacent to the proposed Run of Mine stockpile. Mined Kaolin ore will be screened to a size of <12mm via a trommel screening unit.

SMS group appointed as the new EPC contractor: On 18 July 2017, Altech announced the transition of EPC from its previously appointed EPC contractor M+W Group to the SMS group for its Malaysian HPA plant. SMS has guaranteed that it will strengthen Altech's export credit project finance cover application and mitigate project risk. Key engineering personnel will be available to assist SMS/Altech team to ensure complete information transfer. Inspection of the site has been secured by SMS's project team to Johor, Malaysia and it will finalize the EPC capital cost estimate by the end of September 2017.

Altech's dual listing on Frankfurt Stock Exchange: On 4 April 2017, Altech announced the dual listing of its share on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange, under the symbol "A3Y". The listing is in accordance with Altech's strategy of expanding its European investor base, especially in Germany as there is rising interest in Altech's HPA project, and also due to the company's application for German ECA project finance, various German and European equipment for its HPA plant and appointment of German EPC contractor. Additionally, Frankfurt Stock Exchange listing nullify the effects of time difference and account issues for European retail investors.

HPA project on its way to production: On 01 November 2016, Altech announced the opening of its office, approximately 300 meters from its proposed HPA plant at Johor, Malaysia. German-based engineering firm, M+W Group in Germany and Singapore is steering the layout and engineering work for the plant, which covers construction, civil works, instrumentation, control systems, electrical facilities, management of suppliers, schedule of activities, costs, procurement of equipment and management of environmental impacts. The company is also working with German government-owned KfW IPEX-Bank on structuring the project finance for the HPA project. The increase of the export credit cover initiated the formal due diligence of the HPA project. The approval to offer export credit cover by IMC and Euler Hermes depends on the expert-opinion report on the HPA project which would be submitted to the German government's IMC.

Listing Information

Altech was listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX- ATC) in Australia on 27 January, 2010 as Australian Minerals and Mining Group. It was also listed on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange (FRA- A3Y) in Germany on 4 April, 2017.

Contacts

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Major Shareholders

Equity Holder	No. of ordinary shares held (MM)	Percentage shareholding
SMS Investments	38.985	9.62
MAA Group Bhd	25.913	6.4
Lake Macleod Gypsum P/L	23.160	5.72
Melewar Int Inv Co	16.949	4.18
Tenardi Daniel Lewis	9.194	2.27
Aust Mineral Inv Grp	6.091	1.5
Dudfield L G	5.245	1.29
Tan Ignatius Kim-S	3.167	0.78
Tan Judith Melissa	3.167	0.78
Cleanser Pl	2.928	0.72
Bailey Peter	2.683	0.66
Atkins Luke Frederick	2.341	0.58
Waylen Bay Capital Pty Ltd	2.312	0.57
Ainsworth Margot Jean	2.227	0.55
Colman Cohan	2.046	0.51
Rapcorp Pty Ltd	1.906	0.47
Querion Pty Ltd	1.881	0.46
Volk Shane R	0.435	0.11
Atkins Annette	0.074	0.02

Source: Bloomberg as on 21 December 2017

Management and Governance

Personnel	Designation	Current and total experience
Luke Frederick Atkins LLB	Non-Executive Chairman	Mr. Atkins is a lawyer and has significant experience in the areas of capital raisings, mining, exploration, and corporate governance. Formerly, he was the Executive Chairman of Bauxite Resources Ltd (BRL), where he successfully negotiated as third party to access funding, joint venture partnerships, land and infrastructure. He has held a number of executive and non-executive positions of private and public companies including a number of mining and exploration companies. He is also a Non-Executive Director of BRL.
Iggy Tan B.Sc MBA GAICD	Managing Director	Mr. Tan has more than 30 years of chemical and mining experience in various aspects including capital raisings, funding, construction, start-ups and operations. He holds an MBA from the University of Southern Cross, a BSc from the University of Western Australia and is a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors. He has been involved in commissioning and start-up of seven resource projects in Australia and overseas, including high purity technology projects, making him an accomplished project builder and developer. Previously, he had held positions of MD at Nickelore Limited, Galaxy Resources Limited and Kogi Iron Limited. At Galaxy, he played a key role in fund raising, construction and start-up of Mt Cattlin spodumene mine and the Jiangsu lithium carbonate plant, which resulted in Galaxy becoming the world's leading producer of high purity lithium carbonate. Currently, he is responsible for managing and implementing the next stage of the company's strategic business objectives, which includes the commercialization of the HPA project.
Shane Volk BBus (Acc), GradDip (ACG), CSA	Company Secretary & Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Volk is a qualified Chartered Secretary and has a Bachelor of Business (Accounting) from the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology. He has a significant experience in accounting and corporate governance of Australian and international mining operations. He has worked previously in Papua New Guinea, Indonesia and Australia across various mining-related verticals such as exploration, operations, business development and corporate governance. Formerly he was the CFO and company secretary for African Iron Ltd, Emerson Resources Limited, and Kogi Iron Limited.
Daniel Lewis Tenardi	Non-Executive Director	Mr. Tenardi has over 40 years of experience as mining executive in various range of commodities including iron ore, gold, bauxite, and copper. Previously worked with Alcoa for around 15 years at its bauxite mines in Western Australia and Kwinana refinery. He gained a substantial amount of gold mining experience at Roche Mining at the Kalgoorlie Superpit and at Anglo Gold Ashanti's Sunrise Dam. Subsequently, he was part of executive management at Rio Tinto's Robe River Iron Associates and their East Pilbara Division and was later appointed as a Director of Robe River Iron Associates. He also held the positions of General Manager of Operations and Chief Operating Manager at CITIC Pacific Mining. He was the MD at Bauxite Resources Ltd, where he drove the rapid development of the company from its initial exploration phase, expansion of land holdings, to the commencement of trial shipments and securing strong key associations with Chinese partners.
Peter Bailey	Non-Executive Director	Mr. Bailey is a qualified engineer with over 40 years' experience in the mining and industrial mineral production industry dealing with various industries including iron ore mining, bauxite mining, zinc-lead-copper mining, alumina refining and alumina chemicals industries respectively. He has an electrical engineering degree from the University of London. In 1996, he was the President of Alcoa Bauxite and Alumina was responsible for Alcoa's eight alumina plants outside of Australia. He was also the chairman of the Alcoa Bauxite joint venture in Guinea, Africa. He became the President of Alcoa Worldwide Chemicals' industrial chemicals department from 1998. He played a key role in Alcoa's worldwide chemicals business, which comprised of 13 plants across eight countries. Subsequently, he was appointed as the CEO of Sherwin Alumina, an alumina refinery based in Texas, USA.

<p>Tunku Khyra</p>	<p>Yaacob</p>	<p>Non-Executive Director</p> <p>Mr. Tunku holds a BSc in Economics and Accounting from City University, London. He is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales and a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. He started off as an Auditor with Price Waterhouse, London from 1982 to 1985 and subsequently joined Price Waterhouse Kuala Lumpur from 1986 to 1987. He later joined Malaysian Assurance Alliance Berhad in 1987 and retired as its Chief Executive Officer in 1999. He is the Executive Chairman of the Melewar Khyra Group of Companies. He sits on the Boards of Khyra Legacy Berhad, Mycron Steel Berhad, MAA Group Berhad, Melewar Industrial Group Berhad, Ithmaar Bank B.S.C. and several other private companies.</p>
<p>Uwe Ahrens</p>	<p>Alternate Director</p>	<p>Mr. Uwe holds a Master's degree in Mechanical Engineering and Business Administration from the Technical University Darmstadt, Germany. He started his career from KOCH Transporttechnik GmbH in Germany and later he held a senior management position for 12 years, working mainly in Germany, USA and South Africa. In 1997, he was the General Manager of KOCH in South East Asia based in Kuala Lumpur and became its Managing Director in 1999. Later, he joined Melewar Group in 2002 and is currently the chief technical officer of the Melewar group of companies, executive director of Melewar Industrial Group Berhad and managing director of Melewar Integrated Engineering Sdn Bhd. He also sits on the Board of several other private companies.</p>

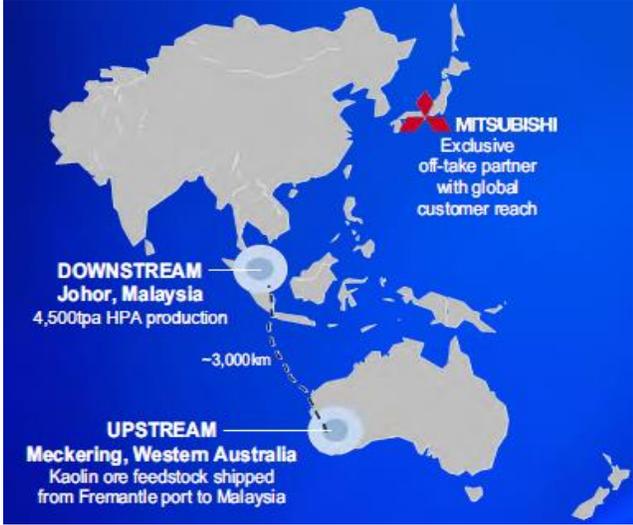
Assets and Projects

Listed on ASX, Altech is a high purity alumina processing company with the objective of becoming one of the world’s leading suppliers of 99.99% (4N) HPA (Al₂O₃). It is the first fully integrated HPA production company globally and is in the advanced stage of commencing construction of a new HPA plant and starting production. It owns the Meckering Kaolin Deposit in Western Australia and intends to build the HPA plant at a secured sit in Johor, Malaysia.

The company has completed a BFS and FIDS for the construction and operation of a 4,500tpa HPA (4,000tpa previously) plant at Tanjung Langsat, Malaysia. The plant will produce HPA directly using Kaolin clay feedstock sourced from Meckering. Altech will employ “off-the-shelf” plant and equipment to extract HPA using a hydrochloric acid (HCl) – based process.

Along with completion of the plant process flow sheet optimization, Altech has appointed German EPC contractor SMS group GmbH (SMS).

Company’s Asset Portfolio

Altech Kaolin Deposit and Processing Plant	Project overview
 <p>DOWNSTREAM Johor, Malaysia 4,500tpa HPA production</p> <p>~3,000km</p> <p>UPSTREAM Meckering, Western Australia Kaolin ore feedstock shipped from Fremantle port to Malaysia</p> <p>MITSUBISHI Exclusive off-take partner with global customer reach</p>	<div data-bbox="852 940 1286 1052" style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 10px; display: inline-block;"> High Purity Alumina (HPA) </div> <div data-bbox="1339 1020 1461 1052" style="text-align: right;">Malaysia</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Target Commodity: High Purity Alumina (HPA) •Interest - 100%
<p>Source: Company filings</p>	<p>Source: Company filings</p>

High Purity Alumina Project

Company’s interest in the project: 100%-owned Kaolin deposit at Meckering, Western Australia.

Asset Summary: Altech aspires to be one of the world’s leading suppliers of 99.99% (4N) HPA. The company owns a site where a 4,500tpa HPA plant will be built in Malaysia. The HPA plant will procure the required feedstock from the company owned Meckering Kaolin (clay) deposit via road transport to the port of Fremantle and then shipped to Malaysia.

Target Commodity: HPA

Location: Located over private freehold farmland which is 140km east of Perth and 8km south-east of Meckering in Western Australia, the Kaolin deposit will supply the feedstock required for the proposed HPA processing plant in Malaysia to produce 99.99% (4N) high purity alumina.

The plant site at Tanjung Langsat Industrial Complex is situated 40km to the south-east of the city of Johor Bahru, Malaysia.

Meckering Kaolin Deposit

Geological interpretation: The kaolin deposit will be open pit mined and an initial 30-year mine life has been designed. It is anticipated that around 1.2MMT of the 12.7MMT Kaolin Mineral Resource will be mined in 30 years over 10 discrete mining campaigns.

Kaolin's prospective Indicated Mineral Resources is 11MMT @ 82.7% ISO brightness (JORC 2012). The updated Mineral Resource is 11MMT of Kaolin clay containing 45% minus 45 micron clay with a brightness of 82.7% (ISO standard), which has been classified as Indicated. The Estimates of Mineral Resources are done using an 80% brightness cut-off, and a 30% minus 45 micron cut-off and is in accordance with JORC 2012.

The Meckering Kaolin deposit has low impurities, particularly iron and sodium which makes it an ideal feedstock for HCl processing to HPA.

Mineralization: In October 2016, the company announced a maiden Ore Reserve (JORC 2012) of 1.2MMT @ 30% Al₂O₃ in the minus 300 micron fraction with a cut-off grade of 25% Al₂O₃. This is considered to be sufficient HPA plant feedstock supply for an initial 30-year mine-life. The Ore Reserve is within the Mineral Resource which is 12.7MMT at 30% Al₂O₃. The currently known Mineral Resource could support the HPA processing operation for >250 years.

Below highlights the Mineral Resource estimation and Ore Reserves for the HPA project:

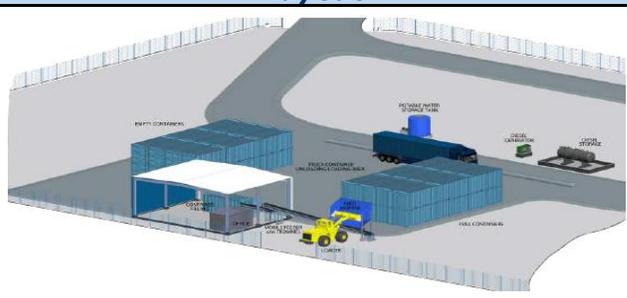
Resource estimate	Tonnage (MMT)	Minus 300µm Al ₂ O ₃ (%)
Measured	1.5	30.0
Indicated	1.3	30.0
Inferred	7.9	29.1
Total	12.7	29.5

Ore Reserve estimate	Tonnage (MMT)	Yield % of minus 300	Minus 300 µm Al ₂ O ₃ (%)
Proved	0.45	69	30.1
Probable	0.75	71	30.0
Total	1.22	70	30.0

Ore Movement and Loading Facility

The conventional open pit mined ore will be stockpiled on the ROM stockpile situated adjacent to the container loading facility. The loading facility is located just south of the mining operation. The mine is planned to include a small site office, crib room and toilet facilities. Raw kaolin is to be transported from the ROM stockpile with a front-end loader put through a trommel screen designed to reject material over a 12mm. Undersize material is to be stored in a loading shed.

Meckering screening/loading facility site layout



Source: Company filings

The container loading facility is anticipated to run for 3,120 h/y, based on 5 day-12hours shift operation. Overall, 43,538 t/y of raw material are planned to be loaded into sea containers.

The container loading facility is planned to be a two-man operation, and it is to operate at 2,210 h/y, based on a 5 d/w at 12-hour per shift and 96% capacity utilisation. Around 36 containers, each with capacity of approximately 22t of Kaolin will be loaded and transported per week.

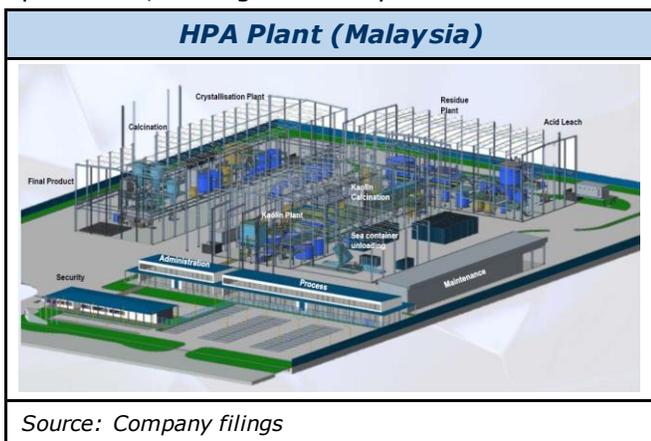
Malaysian HPA Processing Plant

Standard sea containers and will be shipped to Tanjung Pelepas port, Johor, Malaysia. Once they arrive at Tanjung Pelepas, the loaded containers will be either stored at the port, or will directly be moved to Altech's proposed HPA plant site.

The proposed HPA plant site is to be established within the Tanjung Langsat Industrial Complex of Johor, Malaysia as per the 30-year lease agreement with a 30-year renewal option with Johor Corporation.

The Tanjung Langsat Industrial Complex is located approximately 40km to the south-east of the city of Johor Bahru. The strategic position of the company's HPA plant site was chosen for its proximity to hydrochloric acid and quicklime plants – all required consumables for the HPA plant. Additionally, the location has access to reticulated natural gas, high voltage power and access to processing water.

In November 2016, a local site office was opened for the Malaysian subsidiary Altech Chemicals Sdn Bhd., located within the Tanjung Langsat Industrial Complex. The site office serves as the temporary base for visiting EPC engineers working on the HPA project's detailed design along with various contractors involved in soil survey drilling (as part of the civil engineering design requirements) at the HPA plant site, throughout the year.



Source: Company filings

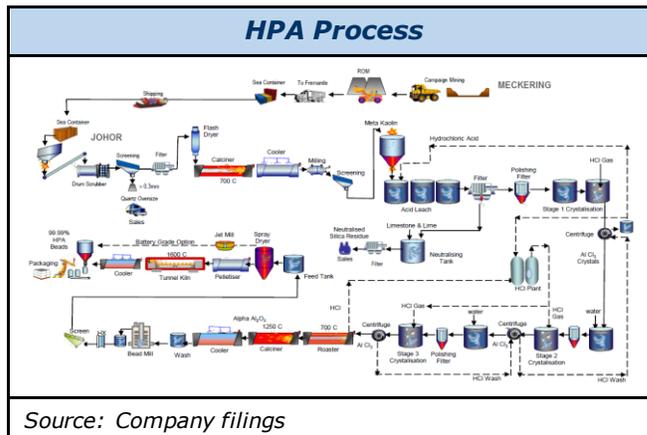
Altech's HPA Process: Altech's HPA process utilizes hydrochloric acid leach (HCL). The process has the following steps:

- simple recovery of acid
- natural low-impurity ore feedstock
- calcination to alpha HPA
- micronisation to product requirement

This processing technique is advantageous as it allows for simple recovery of acid which is re-usable at the front-end of the process therefore reducing operating costs.

This process is a conventional, proven and robust chemical process and has been in existence since the early 1980's. This process is suitable for Altech's aluminous clay deposit. The raw material contains lower levels of impurities, hence the high-quality feedstock aids the production of a very pure alumina product,

providing the company a competitive advantage among peers.



Source: Company filings

Altech's process exhibits strict control over product characteristics such as purity, size, and crystal structure. The company's design philosophy involves minimizing technology risk by utilizing proven off-the-shelf equipment avoiding prototypes, for example:

- Conventional leaching technology
- Use of standard rotary kilns
- Off-the-shelf evaporative crystallizers used in the chemical industry

The design of the process is carried out in a way to meet all stringent environmental standards and limits associated with Malaysian standards.

Final Investment Decision Study (FIDS):

On 29 June 2015 a BFS was completed and this was recently updated to a FIDS in October 2017. The successful completion of the FIDS provided vital support in achieving construction finance and ongoing capital requirements.

All the major aspects such as, final capital cost estimate, a fixed-price lump-sum EPC contract value for construction of the HPA plant by the consortium led by SMS and a fixed-price lump-sum EPC contract value for construction of the Meckering Kaolin container loading facility by Perth based Simulus Engineering Pty Ltd are covered under FIDS estimates.

Altech has accomplished the significant milestone of extensive lender due diligence process, thereby de-risking the project considerably.

FIDS financial metrics are extremely robust as they have considered the fact that the company has managed to get the final fixed-price lump-

sum EPC contract that includes completion guarantee, throughput and process/quality guarantees, as a remarkable outcome.

- Pre-tax NPV^{7.5} USD 505MM
- Internal Rate of Return (IRR) 22%
- Payback (full rate) 3.9 years
- EBITDA USD 76MM per annum
- Capital cost USD 298MM
- Total target debt of USD 185MM
- Production costs – USD 9.90/kg
- Avg. sale price – USD 26.9/kg
- Gross Margin – 63%

German government-owned KfW IPEX-Bank has found the capital and operating costs assumed in FIDS, reasonable. Altech's project finance debt is being funded by German government-owned KfW IPEX-Bank, with the below details:

- Target total debt of USD 190MM
- USD 170MM export credit finance
- 50% of plant – German suppliers
- Low interest, long tenure
- Export Credit Approval date 20 Dec 2017

Altech is now focused on finalizing the equity component of the funding in the first half of 2018.

Off-take agreement with Mitsubishi: The off-take agreement is a follow-on step to a previous deal with Mitsubishi which dealt with the sales and distribution of Altech's HPA within Japan only. Post the prior deal, further discussions led to the appointment of Mitsubishi as the exclusive buyer and global distributor for all of Altech's HPA production.

Signing an exclusive off-take agreement with Mitsubishi Australia Ltd. as the exclusive off-taker, backed by the Mitsubishi Corporation, has positive implications:

- Firstly, it is considered to be a **strong vote of confidence for the project from Mitsubishi.**

Along with this Mitsubishi maintains long-term relationships with customers from around the world in virtually every industry, including energy, metals, machinery, chemicals, food and general merchandise. Hence, this association provides **support in making projects and partnering** toward realization of the targets

and the objective of becoming the world's largest and lowest-cost producer of HPA.

This alliance was a major step towards **securing project financing on favourable terms.** A signed purchase commitment for 100% of production in the initial 10 years reduces the commercial risk of the project. This assisted in demonstrating to banks and other potential project financiers that every ton of HPA produced in the first 10 years will be purchased. With this, Altech achieved a significant de-risking milestone.

The off-take sales agreement with Mitsubishi is scheduled to commence on the date of first shipment of the final HPA product.

Approvals granted: Below are the approvals received by Altech:

A. Meckering approvals: All the statutory WA state Government approvals required for the commencement of mining at the Meckering Kaolin mine have been obtained during 2017.

- In December 2016 the company submitted a mining proposal and mine closure plan for Mining Lease M70/1334 which was approved by the WA Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety (DMIRS) in March 2017.
- Altech also submitted a works approval application pertaining to the Kaolin screening and loading facility and consequently was granted by the WA Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) in August 2017.
- Altech has to consider the Native Title and Aboriginal heritage aspects of the proposed mine however, the Mining Lease M70/1334 does not contain any registered sites under Section 5(b) or 5(c) of the Australian Aboriginal Heritage Act 1972 (AHA) and it is not required to request approval by the Minister for Aboriginal Affairs under Section 18 of the AHA in order to proceed with the works.

B. Johor approvals: The approvals granted to the company are:

- The Department of Environment, Johor (DOE) has approved the Preliminary Site Assessment for the HPA plant at a

production rate of 4,500tpa, signifying the proposed location of the HPA plant at Tanjung Langsat and the related proposed activity are compatible with gazetted structures, local plans, surrounding land use, set-back provisions or buffer zones and waste disposal requirements.

- The DOE has also advised that an Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) is not required for the HPA plant, as the processing capacity of the plant is less than 100 tons per day.
- International environmental standards along with the standards of the Malaysian Environmental Quality Act (EQA) 1974 are to be met as per the proposed HPA plant's design.

Project Schedule: The project schedule for the HPA process plant in Malaysia is:

- 18 months are reserved for construction of the Meckering screening/container loading plant. This duration also includes six months for equipment procurement and delivery.
- 24 months are set aside for construction of the HPA plant in Malaysia with five months for commissioning.
- The schedule also includes a total of 20 months for equipment procurement, manufacture and delivery.
- Approximately 30 months has been allotted for activities such as installation of underground utilities, site infrastructure and landscaping at the plant site.

As per the FIDS, full production of 4,500tpa HPA at a grade of 99.99% Al₂O₃ (4N) is expected to be achieved in Year 3 of operations, while HPA production is scheduled to commence in 2020.

The major project phases are;

- Engineering Phase – Project Months 1 to 14
- Procurement Phase – Project Months 5 to 25
- Construction Phase – Project Months 7 to 31
- Commissioning & Start-up Phase – Project Months 25 to 39

An Altech team is planned to manage the plant operations.

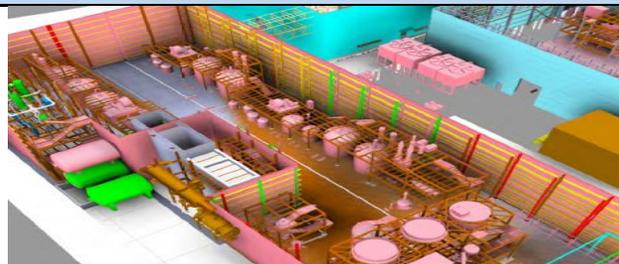
Recent developments:

A. Detailed Design of HPA Plant: Altech has dedicated 2017 towards the significant detailed

design and engineering work on the Malaysian HPA plant.

This detailed design work for the HPA plant generated the final construction cost and engineering, procurement and construction (EPC) contract value which was incorporated into the company's application for German-government export credit agency (ECA) project dealing with debt finance cover.

Detailed HPA Plant Layout



Source: Company filings

B. EPC Contracts to SMS group: On 16 May 2017, Altech announced appointment of German engineering firm SMS group as EPC contractor for the construction of its Malaysian HPA plant.

SMS provided a fixed-price lump-sum EPC contract value via a consortium led by SMS for the construction of the Malaysian HPA plant.

Further, SMS has agreed to clear and concise guarantee with liquidated damages provisions and throughput and process/quality guarantees supported by a substantial performance bond to Altech. Also, SMS has proposed process and final product guarantees based on its prior experience with Kaolin-HPA hydrogen chloride processing, hence strengthening Altech's export credit project finance cover application and significantly mitigating project risk. This SMS EPC contract also facilitates entire coverage of the capital costs of the Malaysian HPA plant.

C. Works Approval granted for Meckering Kaolin deposit: On 25 August 2017, Western Australian (WA) Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) granted approval for Altech's application for the proposed Kaolin screening and loading facility at the Meckering Kaolin deposit (M70/1334).

This allows the construction of the proposed Kaolin screening and loading facility infrastructure, to be positioned within Altech's granted mining lease, approximately 86

hectares in size, adjacent to the proposed ROM stockpile.

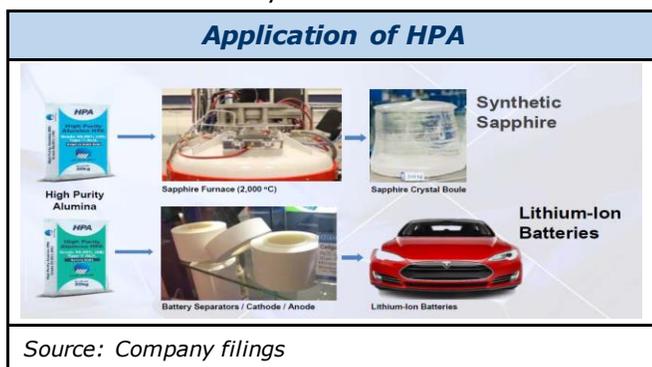
D. Altech finalizes 4,500tpa HPA plant design:

The company finalized the upgraded design for the increase in capacity of the planned Malaysian HPA plant from 4,000 to 4,500tpa.

Altech completed the optimization of the plant process flow sheet, while working with its appointed German EPC contractor SMS. Most of the changes were encompassing the newly introduced flexible finished product line which is capable of producing HPA for both the synthetic sapphire industry (up to 4,500tpa of high density pellets) and the lithium ion battery industry (up to 1,500tpa of powder at sub-micron particle size).

According to the plan, both the products will be bagged via an automated bagging machine.

- **Sapphire Grade 4N HPA:** Altech's proposed synthetic sapphire grade HPA product is 4N (99.99%) high purity alumina (Al_2O_3) in the form of high-density beads of around 3-4mm each in size. The target loose bulk density of Altech's high-density beads is around 2.2t/m³.
- **Lithium-ion battery grade 4N HPA:** The objective is to produce ultra-fine HPA used in the lithium-ion battery sector. The demand of lithium-ion batteries with separator sheets coated with 99.99% (4N) HPA is going high as a result of electric vehicle industry.



Source: Company filings

E. Successful AUD 17MM share placement:

In Q4-17, the company completed a AUD17.2MM share placement. The placement was underwritten by SMS group with a USD 4.0MM (AUD 5.1MM) subscription, and an AUD

3.0MM subscription from major Malaysian shareholder the Melewar Group.

The proceeds will continue to be utilized for the development of its HPA project. It includes payments for land at the project sites in WA and Malaysia, detailed engineering design; working capital and general corporate purposes.

F. SMS commits further USD 11MM equity support:

SMS group approved an additional equity investment of USD 11MM in Altech.

As of November 2017, Altech has a total of USD 15 MM equity support from the SMS group. It demonstrates SMS group's strong assurance and commitment to Altech and its HPA project.

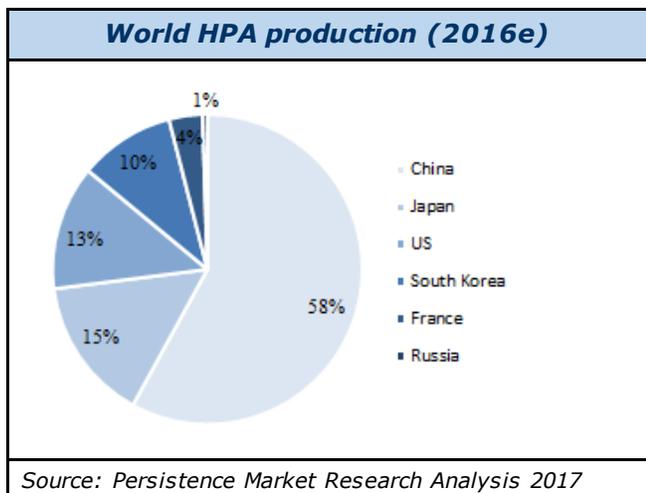
Technologies and Markets

High Purity Alumina (HPA)

Chemistry and Properties: HPA, a high-end product of the non-metallurgical alumina market is a high-value, white, granular chemical.

Production: HPA is commercially produced by treating aluminum with specific chemicals or by use of others aluminous feed stock. Various production process include, alkoxide process, thermal decomposition process, choline hydrolysis process and modified Bayer process. The product types include 4N HPA – 99.99% Purity; 5N HPA – 99.999% Purity and 6N HPA – 99.9999% Purity.

Total global production of HPA amounted to 25.4KT, with China accounting to 58% followed by Japan, US and South Korea with 15%, 13% and 10% respectively. Top seven HPA producers contribute to nearly 63% of the global market volume.

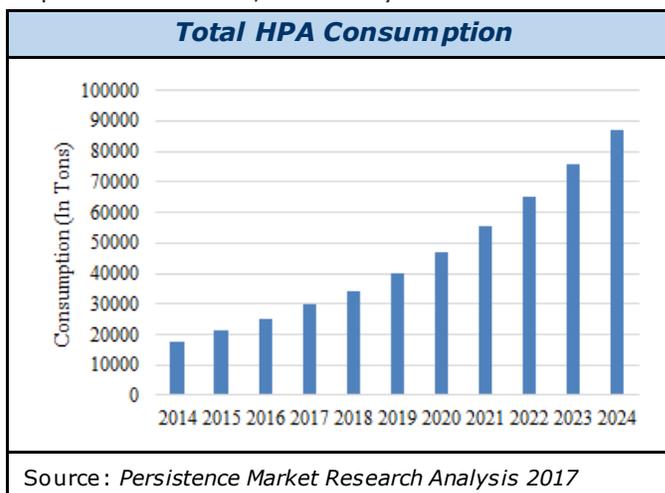


Applications: HPA is used as a base material in manufacture of sapphire substrates with various applications such as scratch-resistant artificial sapphire glass, light-emitting diodes (LED), semiconductor wafers, and lithium-ion battery separator coatings. HPA is also used as an input in manufacture of automotive sensors, ceramics, abrasives, dental implants.

Demand: Increasing demand from application in electronics industry coupled with that from some of the other relatively smaller applications such as lithium ion battery, sapphire glass for optical applications such as lenses, optical windows,

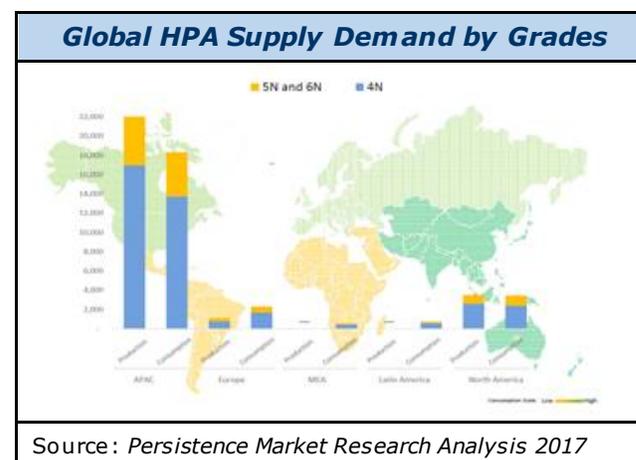
mobile screens are some of the factors that are expected to fuel growth of the HPA market.

Global consumption of HPA in 2016 stood at 25,315T as against 21,309T in 2015. Consumption of HPA is expected to increase at a CAGR of 16.7% over the period 2016-2024 and is expected to be 86,831 MT by 2024 end.

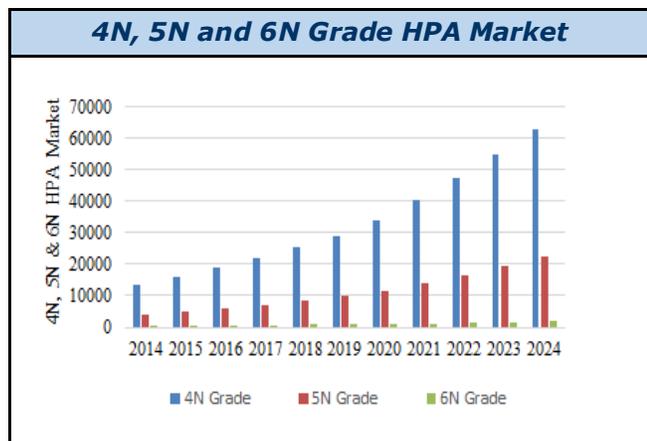


Supply Global sales of HPA is valued at USD 970.8MM in 2016 and is projected to increase at a CAGR of 11.2% through the period 2024 to be valued at USD 2,267.4MM by 2024.

Asia Pacific dominated the overall market in 2015 with over 72% share. North America ranked second, accounting for over 14% market share followed by Europe with 9% in 2015. Meanwhile, Asia Pacific is anticipated to be the fastest growing region, both in terms of value and volume, during the forecast period.



In 2015, 4N was the largest product segment, accounting for 74.2% share of the overall market, while the remaining 23.3% and 2.5% market shares were held by 5N and 6N product segments, respectively.



Source: Persistence Market Research Analysis 2017

LEDs: LED was the leading segment in 2015, accounting for 57% market share and is estimated to reach 61% share of the overall market by 2024. This segment’s growth is attributed to increasing demand for synthetic single crystal sapphire, which is used as a base substrate in the manufacture of LEDs. APAC region accounted for 42.4% share in overall global LED lighting market in 2015.

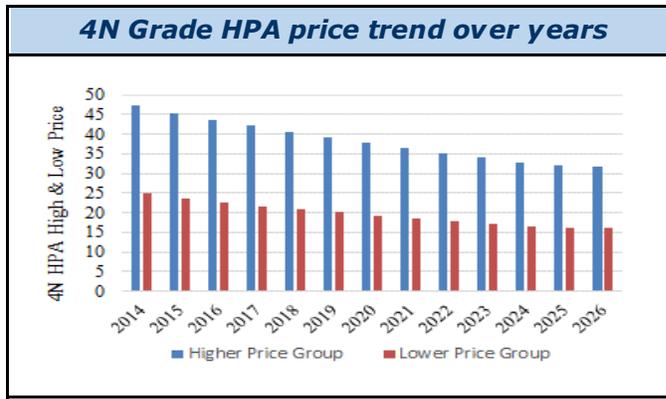
Semiconductors: Consumption of HPA for semiconductor application is expected to reach 17,271T, valued at USD 450.8MM by 2024. Global semiconductor market is expected to register a steady Y-o-Y growth of around 6% to 7%.

Phosphor: Sales of HPA for phosphor applications is expected to be valued at USD 183.2MM by 2024 end with CAGR of 7.2%.

Market Trends: Commodity Prices: Pricing of HPA depends upon the product density, particle size distribution, and degree of purity. Processing cost are significantly higher for highly pure HPA.

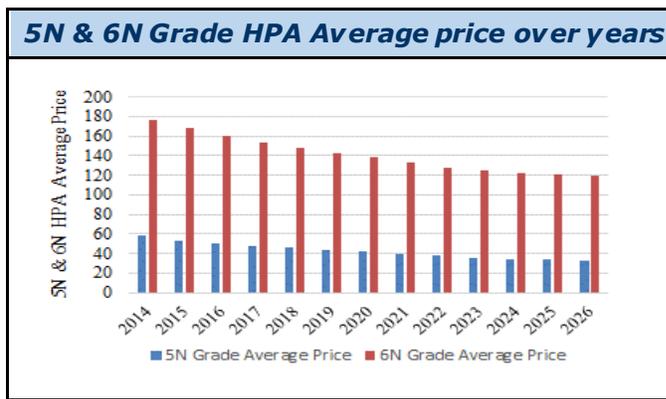
Prices of smelter grade alumina range from around USD 0.4 per kg to USD 0.5 per kg whereas those of 4N grade HPA are around USD 45 per kg.

Average price per kilogram for 4N grade HPA declined drastically from USD 60 and USD 33 in 2008 to USD 45.6 and USD 23.6 for high and low price groups respectively by 2015 end. Prices for 4N grade HPA product ranged from USD 40 per kg to USD 45 per kg of HPA as of mid-2017.



Source: Persistence Market Research Analysis 2017

Weighted average price of 5N and 6N grade HPA stood at USD 51.0 per kg and USD 160 per kg in 2016.



Source: Persistence Market Research Analysis 2017

Significant reduction in prices of HPA is attributable to increased supply, capacity additions, existing capacity ramp-ups and proliferation of local companies especially in China offering relatively lower priced products and improvement & emergence of lower-cost alternative feedstock based production processes.

Project Risk Profile Analysis

Based on our analysis of the project stage, resource characteristics and management expertise, we believe that the HPA project has a LOW to MEDIUM Risk Profile.

HPA Project – LOW to MEDIUM

Project Stage Risk – LOW to MEDIUM

- Meckering Kaolin Deposit has an Ore Reserve (JORC 2012) of 1.2MMT @ 30% Al₂O₃ with a cut-off grade of 25% Al₂O₃. It has Mineral Resources estimation of 12.7MMT @ 30% Al₂O₃ – which could support a long life HPA processing operation.
- BFS on the Kaolin deposit, released in March 2015, also suggests the economic feasibility of the mine. The financial and technical outcomes of the BFS have also been confirmed in the FIDS in October 2017.
- The HPA project is currently at the construction stage of its processing plant. There is an execution risk on production and commissioning.

Based on the above factors, we consider the HPA project to have a LOW to MEDIUM project risk.

Financing/Capex Risk – LOW to MEDIUM

- The company is continuously putting efforts to bring in sufficient investment to commence construction and production.
- The company has estimated its final capital costs to be USD 297.6MM under FIDS in the near term.
- For the financing of the above capital, the company plans to have total debt of USD 190MM from KfW IPEX-Bank – with USD 170MM export credit finance and USD 20MM at commercial terms.
- USD 15MM of equity support from SMS group will also act as a strong catalyst to begin their operations.
- The off-take agreement with Mitsubishi for secured sales of 100% of 4,000tpa HPA production (intent for 4,500tpa) for the first 10 years of HPA operations is critical for the company to enter the market.

Based on the above factors, we consider the HPA project to have a LOW to MEDIUM financing risk profile.

A delay in equity financing would significantly impede the company's production plans for starting up the production on time and further finance could be required for working capital requirements.

Operational Risk – LOW

- Altech owns 100% of the Kaolin Deposit in Western Australia. It is well connected to the road network, and is 140 km from the Fremantle port.
- The financial metrics from the FIDS are extremely robust. Project NPV is USD 505MM at a discount rate of 7.5%, payback (at full rate) is 3.9 years and annual EBITDA is USD 7.6MM at full production. IRR is estimated to be 22% with a gross margin on sales of 63%.
- Altech's mining permit M70/1334 was approved on 14 March 2017. The approval for construction of the Kaolin screening and loading facility was granted in August 2017 and can move ahead now, subject to finance.
- Altech exercised the option to purchase Meckering freehold land over granted mining lease M70/1334.
- Furthermore, the project has no known regulatory or environmental interferences which will hamper the development.

Considering the above factors, we believe that the project has attractive operational characteristics. As such, we believe the project to have a LOW operational risk profile.

Key Personnel Risk – LOW

- The current management has experience in exploration, project development, mining operations and also in financing and construction.
- The management team have also been involved in the development of industrial and mining projects in Malaysia and other jurisdictions.

Considering the diversified experience of the management, we consider the project to have a LOW Key Personnel Risk profile.

Risk Parameters – Definition

Project Stage Risk

The following are the various stages of a project:

- **Early stage exploration:** In this stage, the exploration location is decided using a combination of various techniques such as samplings, drilling, geophysics, and other extensive geological and exploration services.
- **Pre-feasibility study:** A preferred base-case option is identified from the possible options available to the company. The preferred base-case option provides some level of confidence in the production capacity, ore grades, metal recovery, capital and operating costs, project schedule, and project risks/opportunities. A financial analysis is also carried out to assess the economic viability of the project.
- **Feasibility study:** This includes a collection of more detailed information, additional designs, and project-specific cost information to refine the project cost and schedule. It also addresses information gaps, issues of concern, risks, and opportunities identified in the advanced exploration stage.
- **Detailed engineering:** Detailed designs based on the project scope, concept designs, and the purchase of key plant equipment are completed.
- **Site construction:** Site construction starts as per the field engineering designs and is expected to confirm adherence to appropriate quality-control practices.
- **Commissioning and start of operations:** After the completion of construction, operability testing, and acceptance, the owner is asked to confirm if the project construction and performance are as per the design and meet the required plant performance and safety requirements. The final operating control programs are then completed, installed, and tested for functional efficiencies.

High risk: We consider a project to have high-risk when it is in the initial stages of development and is yet to report a resource estimate on the prospect.

Medium risk: On the completion of a pre-feasibility report having initial evaluations of mine characteristics and other operational estimates

like capex and opex, project stage risk is reduced from high to medium.

Low risk: As the project advances site construction and commissioning, the project stage risk is reduced further to the low risk category.

Project Financing Risk

Initial stages of project development, including exploration and resource estimation, require higher levels of capital investment. Investments in the exploration stage can be riskier as the economic viability of deposit is not established. The risk level of the capital reduces as it advances through various exploration stages.

Initial stages of exploration and development of the project attract high-risk-capital investors. As the project stages proceed, the company has varied options such as equity (IPO) and debt financing, among others.

High risk: Companies in the initial stages of project development without proper estimates on fund requirement and clear view on financing options are considered to have high financing risk.

Medium risk: When a company has established reasonable estimates on fund requirement and has visibility on early funding for planned project milestones, it is estimated to have medium financing risk.

Low risk: When the company's fund requirements are clearly stated and has already secured adequate funding, the company has low financing risk.

Operational Risk

Following are the various parameters considered to measure operational risk:

- **Geopolitical and Regulatory factors:** The location of projects and their regulatory environment are key factors in acquiring licence and the subsequent development of the project. Obtaining necessary approvals can be time consuming, the delay of which could result in monetary losses, and operational delay.
- **Environmental factors:** The potential for environmental damage caused by mining activity and the likely cost to be covered by

the company contribute to the economic viability of the project.

- **Mining technique:** The development plan for the mines, including the extraction methodology and the corresponding capex estimates, together define the operational efficiency of the project. The high quality of ore reserves (grade) and the ease for extraction provide higher return on investment and reduce the operational risk involved.
- **Geotechnical and other factors:** Mining machinery transportation, implementation of new technology for operations, and availability of power supply in areas with complicated geological and climatic conditions determine operational risks. Other risks include chances of flooding, pit slope, rim slide and accidents caused by the use of mining transport equipment in adverse weather conditions.

We consider a project based on all the above parameters and assign high/medium/low risk profiles in comparison with their peers. Also, as the company moves to advanced stages, operational risk is reduced considerably.

High risk: The company has a high operational risk profile with assets that are in an early stage of development and located in countries with regulatory uncertainties.

Medium risk: As the company progresses toward the acquisition of necessary licenses and environmental clearances, regulatory risks are reduced. Also, depending on the resource grade and the possible methodologies of extraction, an operational risk profile is assigned in comparison with peers.

Low risk: A company that is in the advanced stages of development has attractive project characteristics such as ore grade, capex, opex. NPV and IRR too have low operational risk profile.

Key Personnel Risk

We consider a project to be of a lower risk profile if the management team is highly qualified, has a good experience in the resource sector and has lower dependability on a few people. It is desirable that the company has independent directors on its Board and does not rely heavily on a few individuals.

Value

The Fair Market Value of Altech Chemicals Limited's shares stands between AUD 175.83MM and AUD 374.80MM.

The Fair Market Value for one Altech Chemicals Limited's publicly traded share stands between AUD 0.434 and AUD 0.925.

Altech Chemicals Ltd. Balance Sheet Forecast

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

*all figures in 'AUD,
unless stated
differently*

Low bracket estimates

<i>year ending June 30</i>	2018E	2019E	2020E	2021E	2022E
Total Current Assets	294,121,483	113,178,152	(82,509,230)	(62,806,125)	(26,484,805)
Total Non-Current Assets	23,260,837	196,874,664	336,059,307	273,246,161	222,818,586
TOTAL ASSETS	317,382,319	310,052,816	253,550,076	210,440,035	196,333,781
Total Current Liabilities	7,563,221	7,934,249	8,323,829	17,950,841	25,033,641
Total Non-current Liabilities	253,333,333	253,333,333	253,333,333	253,333,333	229,111,111
TOTAL LIABILITIES	260,896,554	261,267,582	261,657,162	271,284,175	254,144,752
Total Shareholders' Equity	56,485,765	48,785,234	(8,107,085)	(60,844,139)	(57,810,970)
TOTAL LIABILITIES and EQUITY	317,382,319	310,052,816	253,550,076	210,440,035	196,333,781

Important information on Arrowhead methodology

The principles of the valuation methodology employed by Arrowhead BID are variable to a certain extent, depending on the sub-sectors in which the research is conducted. However, all Arrowhead valuation researches possess an underlying set of common principles and a generally common quantitative process.

With Arrowhead commercial and technical due diligence, the company researches the fundamentals, assets and liabilities of a company, and builds estimates for revenue and expenditure over a coherently determined forecast period.

Elements of past performance such as price/earnings ratios, indicated as applicable, are mainly for reference. Still, elements of real-world past performance enter the valuation through their impact on the commercial and technical due diligence.

Arrowhead BID Fair Market Value Bracket

The Arrowhead Fair Market Value is given as a bracket. This is based on quantitative key variable analyses such as key price analysis for revenue and cost drivers or analysis and discounts on revenue estimates for projects, especially relevant to projects estimated to provide revenue near the end of the chosen forecast period. Low and high estimates for key variables are produced as a valuation tool.

In principle, an investor comfortable with high brackets of our key variable analysis will align with the high bracket in the Arrowhead Fair Value Bracket, and, likewise, in terms of low estimates. The investor will also note the company's intangibles to analyze the strengths and weaknesses, and other essential company information. These intangibles serve as supplementary decision factors for adding or subtracting a premium in investor's own analysis.

The bracket should be taken as a tool by Arrowhead BID for the reader of this report and the reader should not solely rely on this information to make his decision on any particular security. The reader must also understand that while on the one hand global capital markets contain inefficiencies, especially in terms of information, on the other, corporations and their commercial and technical positions evolve rapidly. This present edition of the Arrowhead valuation is for a short-to medium-term alignment analysis (one to twelve months). The reader should refer to important disclosures on page 27 of this report.

Information on the Altech Chemicals Limited valuation

ATC Valuation Methodology: The Arrowhead fair valuation of Altech is based on the Discounted Cash Flow valuation method (DCF) of its HPA project.

Time horizon: The Arrowhead fair valuation for Altech is based on a DCF method. The time period chosen for the valuation is the life of mine of 30 years. HPA production is expected to commence from FY 2020 with a ramp up plan towards its full utilization in three years. The later years are heavily discounted and have a marginal effect on valuation, which are included primarily to present a full project cycle situation.

Underlying business plan: Altech is currently focused on bringing its HPA project into production to generate revenues.

Terminal value: The terminal value is estimated to depend on a terminal growth rate of 0%, representing the maturity, technology change, and prospective competitiveness in the business.

Prudential nature of valuation: This Arrowhead Fair Value Bracket estimate is a relatively prudential estimate, as it is based on the company's current HPA project.

Key variables in Altech Chemicals Limited revenue estimations

Variable 1 – Hypothesis for production

We have considered production to be in line with company estimates, with a ramp up plan to be start with third year of production onwards.

The company targets to produce only the 4N grade from FY2023 onwards.

HPA (Smelter Grade) and HPA 99.9 (3N) Production (tonnes)	2021	2022	
Low	275	75	
High	300	80	
HPA 99.99 (4N) Production (tonnes)	2021	2022	2023
Low	2,200	3,600	4,250
High	2,400	3,840	4,500

Variable 2 – Commodity Price

We have estimated the commodity prices based on current FIDS report. As per FIDS, the lower estimate is to be weighted average HPA price of USD 26,900/ton over the 30-year project life, and we have assumed higher to be maximum at USD 35,000/ton.

(USD/ton)	Price of HPA Smelter Grade	HPA 99.9	HPA 99.99
Low	300	5,000	26,900
High	400	6,000	35,000

Variable 3 – Exchange rate

We have estimated the USD/AUD exchange rate based on current FIDS report for both low and high estimates as 0.75.

Variable 4 – Implied P/NPV multiple

We have discounted the NPV of the project with P/NPV multiple to account for the inherent project risks, including the current stage of development/construction and the timelines to bring the project to production. The P/NPV multiple, in conjunction with company's interest in the project, is used to determine the implied equity value.

Being at the construction and growing project stage, we have assumed a P/NPV multiple of 0.5x for HPA project.

Analyst Certifications and Important Disclosures

Analyst Certifications

I, Shruti Gupta, certify that all of the views expressed in this research report accurately reflect my personal views about the subject security and the subject company.

I, Lorry Hughes, certify that all of the views expressed in this research report accurately reflect my personal views about the subject security and the subject company.

Important Disclosures

Arrowhead Business and Investment Decisions, LLC received fees in 2017 and will receive fees in 2018 from Altech for researching and drafting this report and for a series of other services to Altech, including distribution of this report, investor relations and networking services. Neither Arrowhead BID nor any of its principals or employees own any long or short positions in Altech. Arrowhead BID's principals intend to seek a mandate for investment banking services from Altech and expect to receive compensation for investment banking activities from Altech in 2017 or 2018.

Aside from certain reports published on a periodic basis, the large majority of reports are published by Arrowhead BID at irregular intervals as appropriate in the analyst's judgment.

Any opinions expressed in this report are statements of our judgment to this date and are subject to change without notice.

This report was prepared for general circulation and does not provide investment recommendations specific to individual investors. As such, any of the financial or other money-management instruments linked to the company and company valuation described in this report, hereafter referred to as "the securities", may not be suitable for all investors.

Investors must make their own investment decisions based upon their specific investment objectives and financial situation utilizing their own financial advisors as they deem necessary. Investors are advised to gather and consult multiple information sources before making investment decisions. Recipients of this report are strongly advised to read the information on Arrowhead Methodology section of this report to understand if and how the Arrowhead Due Diligence and Arrowhead Fair Value Bracket integrate alongside the rest of their stream of information and within their decision taking process.

Past performance of securities described directly or indirectly in this report should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of future results. The price, value of, and income from any of the financial securities described in this report may rise as well as fall, and may be affected by simple and complex changes in economic, financial and political factors.

Should a security described in this report be denominated in a currency other than the investor's home currency, a change in exchange rates may adversely affect the price of, value of, or income derived from the security.

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Other than disclosures relating to Arrowhead Business and Investment Decisions, LLC, the information herein is based on sources we believe to be reliable but is not guaranteed by us and does not purport to be a complete statement or summary of the available data.

Arrowhead Business and Investment Decisions, LLC is not responsible for any loss, financial or other, directly or indirectly linked to any price movement or absence of price movement of the securities described in this report.

Valuation

WACC

Risk-free rate	2.8%	vi
Beta	0.8	vii
Risk premium	8.8%	viii
Additional Risk Premium	0.0%	
Cost of Equity	10.0%	
Terminal Growth Rate	0.0%	

	Production Rate	Commodity Price	USD/AUD
Max value	Please refer to the Key Variable Section		
Min value			

FCFE (High) Time Period

	2018E	2019E	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E
EBITDA	9,683,549	11,576,308	(3,186,295)	43,864,651	110,291,087	141,614,906
Tax	(2,415,030)	-	-	-	(12,303,706)	(22,900,308)
Capital Expenditure	-	(192,890,667)	(192,890,667)	-	-	-
Free Cash Flow	7,268,520	(181,314,358)	(196,076,962)	43,864,651	97,987,382	118,714,597
Discount Factor	0.95	0.87	0.79	0.72	0.65	0.59
Present Value of FCF	6,929,518	(157,109,853)	(154,422,984)	31,398,883	63,750,533	70,199,164

FCFE (Low) Time Period

	2018E	2019E	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E
EBITDA	9,683,549	11,576,308	(3,186,295)	20,723,946	65,120,490	86,454,349
Tax	(2,415,030)	-	-	-	(1,011,056)	(9,110,169)
Capital Expenditure	-	(192,890,667)	(192,890,667)	-	-	-
Free Cash Flow	7,268,520	(181,314,358)	(196,076,962)	20,723,946	64,109,433	77,344,180
Discount Factor	0.95	0.87	0.79	0.72	0.65	0.59
Present Value of FCF	6,929,518	(157,109,853)	(154,422,984)	14,834,468	41,709,560	45,735,713

In the model, the valuation is continued to the year 2032, from which point the terminal value is established. For all data see reference table below:

<i>in AUD, unless otherwise stated</i>	High	Low
Implied Enterprise value	364,802,059	165,826,667
+Cash ^{ix}	10,000,000	10,000,000
Equity Value Bracket	374,802,059	175,826,667
Shares Outstanding (in millions) ^x	405.1	405.1
Fair Value Bracket (AUD)	0.925	0.434
Current Market Price (AUD)	0.210	0.210

Notes and References

- i Arrowhead Business and Investment Decisions (ABID) Fair Value Bracket. See information on valuation on pages 24-28 of this report and important disclosures on page 27 of this report*
- ii Bloomberg as on 26-Dec-2017*
- iii Bloomberg as on 26-Dec-2017*
- iv 30-day average volume from Bloomberg as on 26-Dec-2017*
- v Bloomberg as on 26-Dec-2017*
- vi Bloomberg as on 26-Dec-2017*
- vii Arrowhead estimates*
- viii Bloomberg as on 26-Dec-2017*
- ix Company's cash and cash equivalents as at 4th December 2017*
- x Bloomberg as on 26-Dec-2017*